This Supplement forms part of and should be read in conjunction with the general description of the ICAV contained in the current Prospectus dated 28 May 2026 as may be amended and/or supplemented from time to time (the "Prospectus") together with the most recent annual report and audited financial statements and if published after such report, a copy of the latest half-yearly report and unaudited financial statements. If you are in any doubt about the contents of this Supplement, you should consult your stockbroker, bank manager, solicitor, accountant or other independent financial adviser.

WISDOMTREE GLOBAL SUSTAINABLE EQUITY UCITS ETF

(a sub-fund of WisdomTree Issuer ICAV, an Irish collective asset management vehicle which is constituted as an umbrella fund with segregated liability between its sub-funds and with variable capital. The ICAV was registered under the laws of Ireland with registered number C132923)

SUPPLEMENT

This Supplement contains information relating to the WisdomTree Global Sustainable Equity UCITS ETF. To the extent there is any inconsistency between this Supplement and the Prospectus, this Supplement shall prevail. Capitalised terms used and not defined herein shall have the meaning attributed to them in the Prospectus.

Application has been made to the London Stock Exchange for the Shares of the WisdomTree Global Sustainable Equity UCITS ETF issued and available for issue to be admitted to trading on the Main Market of the London Stock Exchange.

An investment in the Fund should not constitute a substantial proportion of an investment portfolio and may not be appropriate for all investors.

The date of this Supplement No. 32 is 28 May 2026.

INDEX

M-70756692-12

1. WISDOMTREE GLOBAL SUSTAINABLE EQUITY UCITS ETF

Fund: WisdomTree Global Sustainable Equity UCITS ETF	
Index: Solactive WisdomTree Global Sustainable Equity UCITS Index (the "**Index**")	

1.1 Investment Objective

The WisdomTree Global Sustainable Equity UCITS ETF (the "**Fund**") seeks to track the price and yield performance, before fees and expenses, of the Index.

1.2 Investment Policy

In order to achieve this objective, the Fund will employ a "passive management" (or indexing) investment approach and will invest in a portfolio of equity securities that so far as possible and practicable consists of a representative sample of the component securities of the Index.

The use of a representative sampling strategy means that, while the Fund will seek to invest all, or substantially all, of its assets in securities that are constituents of the Index, it may invest in a sample of Index constituents whose risk, return and other characteristics closely resemble the risk, return and other characteristics of the Index as a whole. Therefore, while the Fund may from time to time invest in all constituents of the Index, it is not expected that at all times it will hold every constituent (or a similar weighting of any such constituent) of the Index.

Where consistent with its investment policy, the Fund may from time to time invest in equity or equity-related securities listed or traded on a Regulated Market (such as large, medium or small cap equities, common or preferred stocks and Depositary Receipts), other transferable securities (for example, medium term notes) and open-ended collective investment schemes. The collective investment schemes may be UCITS or AIFs, open ended and established in Ireland, other member states of the EEA, the United States, Jersey, Guernsey or the Isle of Man, provided that the requirements of the Central Bank are met. The Fund will invest at least 90% of its assets in equities or equity-equivalent securities. Subject to the provisions of the Regulations and the conditions imposed by the Central Bank, the Fund may invest in other funds of the ICAV.

The Fund may enter into repurchase/reverse repurchase agreements and securities lending arrangements solely for the purposes of efficient portfolio management, subject to the conditions and within the limits set out in the Prospectus. A list of techniques and instruments which may be used by the Fund for efficient portfolio management purposes is set out in Appendix II of the Prospectus. The maximum proportion of the Net Asset Value of the Fund that can be subject to repurchase/reverse repurchase agreements and securities lending arrangements is 50%. The expected proportion of the Net Asset Value of the Fund that will be subject to repurchase/reverse repurchase agreements and securities lending arrangements is 0%.

The Investment Manager conducts credit assessments of counterparties to a repurchase/reverse repurchase agreement or securities lending arrangement. Where a counterparty is subject to a credit rating by an agency registered and supervised by the ESMA that rating shall be taken into account in the credit assessment process and where the counterparty is downgraded by the credit rating agency to A-2 or below (or comparable rating), a new credit assessment of the counterparty is conducted by the Investment Manager without delay. Another criterion used when selecting counterparties includes country of origin. For example, the counterparty may be a body corporate located in an EEA member state.

The Fund may hold ancillary liquid assets from time to time, for example, as dividends are collected. In such circumstances the Fund may seek to implement an effective cash management policy. In pursuit of this policy the Fund may invest in collective investment schemes, transferable securities (for example, medium term notes) and money market instruments (such as short dated government backed securities, floating rate notes, commercial paper, certificates of deposit, treasury bills and treasury notes, each of which, where relevant, will be of investment grade at the time of acquisition). The Fund may not invest more than 10% of its net assets in aggregate in collective investment schemes.

Therefore, while the Fund may from time to time invest in all constituents of the Index, it is not expected that at all times it will hold every constituent (or a similar weighting of any such constituent) of the Index.

Where the Fund invests in instruments described above which are not constituents of the Index, it will do so where it is consistent with its investment objective and policy and where the risk, return and other characteristics of such securities resemble the risk, return and other characteristics of the Index as a whole and where the Investment Manager believes investment in such securities will aid the objective of tracking the return of the Index.

1.3 Sustainability Factors

The Fund seeks to track, before fees and expenses, the return performance of the Index, which has sustainable investment as its objective and qualifies as a financial product subject to Article 9(1) of SFDR. Information on the objective of the Index is set out in "Index Description" below. Please also refer to "ESG Screening Risk", "ESG Data Risk", "SFDR Classification Risk" and "Sustainability Risk" under "Risk Factors" below and the further disclosures in relation to the application of SFDR set out in the Annex to this Supplement.

The Fund is an index-tracking equity sub-fund that invests in public securities, namely, companies from developed markets that positively contribute to social and/or environmental objectives. The Fund invests in sustainable investments by providing exposure to companies whose economic activities contribute to environmental and/or social objectives through alignment with the EU Taxonomy, contribution towards the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals ("**SDGs**"), the adoption of Science Based Targets initiative ("**SBTi**") approved carbon reduction targets and the application of defined social and governance metrics in accordance with the sustainability criteria, selection thresholds and weighting methodology applied at Index level. The Manager has carried out an assessment of sustainability risks and their likely impact on the returns of the Fund as part of the Index selection.

While sustainability risks are relevant to the Fund's investment strategy, the passive nature of the strategy limits the scope for active management of such risks as such risks only influence investment decisions for index-based strategies where such factors are intentionally integrated into the selection of the underlying index. Sustainability considerations are embedded in the Index through positive selection, eligibility thresholds, weighting criteria and exclusionary screening designed to support the Fund's investment process.

Due to the inherent uncertainty and forward-looking nature of sustainability risks (including climate-related, environmental, social, and governance risks), the precise quantification of their likely impact on returns remains challenging, particularly for passively managed strategies. However, the Index methodology is designed to mitigate exposure to such risks in a manner consistent with the Fund's sustainable investment objective and the Manager assesses the impact the sustainability risks may have on the returns of the Fund in light of the sustainability criteria applied at Index level, which will depend on the specific exposures of the index constituents to such risks. In general, where a sustainability risk occurs in respect of an asset, there could be a negative impact on, or entire loss of, its value and therefore on the returns of the Fund.

Further details on sustainability risks and their potential impact on the returns of the Fund are set out in the section of the Prospectus entitled "Sustainability Factors".

1.4 Share Classes

The Fund may have different classes of Shares as set out in Section 5. Share classes may be designated in the Base Currency or in currencies other than the Base Currency (the "**Share Class Currency**"). Furthermore, the Fund may also offer hedged share classes ("**Hedged Share Classes**") which will hedge the Share classes' exposure to the underlying portfolio currencies (the "**Portfolio Currency**" or "**Portfolio Currencies**") to a currency designated at the Hedged Share Class level (the "**Exposure Currency**"). Although the Exposure Currency and Share Class Currency of some Share classes of the Fund are the same, the Exposure Currency of any new Share class established in the future may differ from its Share Class Currency. The Share Class Currency for each Share Class and Exposure Currency for each Hedged Share Class are disclosed in Section 5 below under the heading "Available Share Classes".

<u>Hedged Share Classes</u>

Hedged Share Classes will seek to mitigate or hedge the exposure of each of the Portfolio Currencies to the relevant Exposure Currency through the use of forward exchange contracts (a contract between the

Fund and a counterparty to buy or to sell a specific currency in the future at a certain exchange rate) or unfunded foreign-exchange ("**FX**") swaps (in this context, a swap would be a contract between the Fund and a swap counterparty, under which the latter provides the required currency exposure(s) to the Fund in exchange for a fee).

The Hedged Share Classes' foreign currency exposures ("**Hedge Positions**") are re-set at the end of each month. The Hedge Positions of the Hedged Share Classes are proportionately adjusted for net subscription and redemptions during the month and may be adjusted during the month to account for price movements of the Fund's Investments, corporate events affecting such Investments, or additions, deletions or any other changes to the Index constituents (and thereby to the Fund's portfolio of Investments) to ensure compliance with the Prospectus. The Hedge Positions may also be adjusted during the month to avoid breaching the counterparty exposure limit.

Intra month, the notional amount of the Hedge Positions may not exactly offset the foreign currency exposure of a Hedged Share Class. Depending on whether the Index has appreciated or depreciated between each monthly Hedge Positions re-set, a Hedged Share Classes' foreign currency exposure may be under-hedged or over-hedged respectively.

Any gains resulting from a Hedged Share Classes' Hedge Positions shall be reinvested when the Hedge Positions are being re-set. In the event that the Hedge Positions provide exposure to the relevant Exposure Currency which is greater than the corresponding exposure to the Portfolio Currency prior to the month-end reset, the Hedged Share Class will have an exposure to the Exposure Currency in excess of the value of the corresponding Portfolio Currency-denominated investments. Conversely, in the event that the Hedge Position provides exposure to the relevant Exposure Currency which is less than the corresponding exposure to the Portfolio Currency prior to the month-end re-set, the Hedged Share Class will have an exposure to the relevant Exposure Currency which is less than the value of its corresponding Portfolio Currency-denominated Investments. Any exposure difference will be re-set when the Hedge Positions are re- set. All hedging transactions will be clearly attributable to the specific Hedged Share Class and currency exposures of different classes will not be combined or offset.

1.5. Risk Management Process

In accordance with the requirements of the Central Bank, the Investment Manager, employs a risk management process to enable it to accurately calculate, monitor, measure and manage, the various risks associated with the use of Financial Derivative Instruments ("**FDI**") by the Fund. The Investment Manager uses the "Commitment Approach" to measure the Fund's incremental exposure and leverage generated through the use of FDI. The Commitment Approach seeks to manage and measure the global exposure and potential loss due to the use of FDI by the Fund. Where FDI are used for currency hedging purposes the exposure of the FDI is calculated and then netted against the assets being hedged**.**

1.6. Leverage and Global Exposure

The Fund's global exposure will be calculated using the commitment approach. It is not the Investment Manager's intention to leverage the Fund. However, the Fund may be leveraged from time to time due to the use of FDI as part of the Fund's currency hedging. The Fund may therefore not be leveraged more than 100% of its Net Asset Value. That is, the total exposure associated with the Investments of the Fund, including investments in FDI, may amount to 200% of the Net Asset Value of the Fund.

SOLACTIVE WISDOMTREE GLOBAL SUSTAINABLE EQUITY UCITS INDEX

2.1 Index Description

The Index is constructed from the broad based market cap-weighted parent index, the Solactive GBS Developed Markets Large & Mid Cap USD Index (the "**Parent Index**) and is administered by Solactive AG. The Index is designed to measure the performance of companies from developed markets that positively contribute to social and/or environmental objectives as described below.

To be eligible for inclusion in the Index, a security must meet the following criteria:

i. be a constituent of the Parent Index;
ii. contribute to at least one social or environmental objective as described below:

i. be issued by a company having at least 20% of revenues assessed by the Index Provider's ESG Data Provider (the "**ESG Data Provider"**) as contributing towards one of the following Sustainable Development Goals of the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development ("**SDGs**"):
    a) SDG 6 – Clean Water and Sanitation.
    b) SDG 7 – Affordable and Clean Energy.
    c) SDG 12 – Responsible Consumption and Production.
    d) SDG 13 – Climate Action.
    e) SDG 14 – Life Below Water.
    f) SDG 15 – Life on Land.
ii. be issued by a company having at least 20% of revenues assessed by the ESG Data Provider as contributing towards one of the following SDGs:
    g) SDG 2 – Zero Hunger.
    h) SDG 3 – Good Health and Well-Being.
    i) SDG 4 – Quality Education.
    j) SDG 10 – Reduced Inequalities.
    k) SDG 11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities.
iii. be issued by a company that has at least 20% of revenues aligned with objectives of the EU Taxonomy or has capital expenditure ("**CapEx**") that exceeds the proportion of such EU Taxonomy aligned revenues by at least 10%.
iv. be issued by a company which has active carbon emissions reduction target(s) approved by the Science Based Targets initiative ("**SBTi**") and a positive carbon trend score identified by the ESG Data Provider as a decline of at least 10% in operational carbon emissions over the last 3 years.
v. be issued by a company having best-in-class gender equality metrics as assessed by the ESG Data Provider.
vi. be issued by a company having best-in-class environmental and social risk management metrics as assessed by the ESG Data Provider; and

iii. other criteria as outlined in the Index methodology.

The Index also excludes companies based on environmental, social, and governance ("ESG") criteria. The ESG criteria seeks to exclude from the eligible investment universe companies that (i) violate certain commonly accepted international norms and standards, such as United Nations Global Compact principles and OECD guidelines for Multinational Enterprises, (ii) are involved in controversial weapons such as anti-personnel mines, cluster munitions, chemical weapons and biological weapons (iii) are significantly involved in the tobacco industry, (iv) are significantly involved in thermal coal (which includes hard coal and lignite), activity such as extraction (which includes coal mining and exploration), products and services supporting thermal coal extraction and coal-based power generation, (v) are significantly involved in oil and gas extraction, exploration and production, (vi) are significantly involved in power generation from thermal coal, oil, or natural gas and (vii) do not meet such other ESG criteria such as significant involvement in small arms or a severe or high controversy rating with a negative outlook or a low corporate governance score as detailed in the Index methodology.

The exclusions described at (i)-(vi) above comprise the requirements as set out in 12(1)(a)-(g) of the Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/1818.

In addition, the Index excludes companies from the eligible investment universe that fall within the bottom 5% per sector based on carbon footprint and greenhouse gas (GHG) intensity, the indicators for which combine Scope 1 (all direct GHG emissions) and Scope 2 (indirect GHG emissions from consumption of purchased electricity, heat or steam) and Scope 3 (other indirect emissions) as well as non-renewable energy production, hazardous waste, and board gender diversity as assessed by the ESG Data Provider.

Eligible securities in the Index are weighted according to an algorithm to maximize the sum of the revenue proportion from business activities that are aligned with achieving the SDGs and the revenue proportion that is EU Taxonomy aligned while restricting the diversion from the Parent Index (the "**Optimization Algorithm**"). The parameters constraining the Optimization Algorithm are set out in the Index methodology. Details of the Optimization Algorithm are outlined in the Index Methodology.

The Index is rebalanced on a semi-annual annual basis in May and November.

Further details concerning the Index are available at the following links:
https://www.solactive.com/indices/?index=DE000SL0MDE5

https://solactive.com/downloads/Guideline_Solactive_WisdomTree_Sustainable_Equity_Index.pdf

2.2 Index Calculation Agent

The Index is calculated, published and maintained by Solactive AG on a daily basis.

2.3 Portfolio Transparency

Information about the Investments of the Fund is made available on a daily basis. The Fund will disclose on www.wisdomtree.eu at the start of each Business Day the identities and quantities of the securities and other assets held by it. The portfolio holdings so disclosed will be based on information as of the close of business on the prior Business Day and/or trades that have been completed prior to the opening of business on that Business Day and that are expected to settle on that Business Day.

2.4 Anticipated Tracking Error

The Investment Manager aims to keep Tracking Error below or equal to 1.5% for each Share class. There is, however, no guarantee that this level of Tracking Error will be realised and neither the ICAV, the Manager nor the Investment Manager will be liable for any discrepancies between the Fund's anticipated level of Tracking Error and the actual level of Tracking Error (as subsequently observed). The annual report of the ICAV will provide an explanation of any divergence between anticipated and realised Tracking Error for the relevant period. The annual and half-yearly reports will state the Fund's Tracking Error at the end of the period under review.

2. RISK FACTORS

An investment in the Fund should not constitute a substantial proportion of an investment portfolio and may not be appropriate for all investors. Investors should consider the risk factors set out in the Prospectus together with the following risks:

Concentration Risk. A Fund may invest a relatively large percentage of its assets in issuers located in a single country, a small number of countries, or a particular geographic region. In these cases, the Fund's performance will be closely tied to the market, currency, economic, political, or regulatory conditions and developments in that country or region or those countries, and could be more volatile than the performance of more geographically-diversified funds. In addition, a Fund may concentrate its investments in companies in a particular industry, market or economic sector. When a Fund concentrates its investments in a particular industry, market or economic sector, financial, economic, business, and other developments affecting issuers in that industry, market or sector will have a greater effect on the Fund than if it had not concentrated its assets in that industry, market or sector. Further, investors may buy or sell substantial amounts of a Fund's shares in response to factors affecting or expected to affect a particular country, industry, market or sector in which the Fund concentrates its investments, resulting in abnormal inflows or outflows of cash into or out of the Fund. These abnormal inflows or outflows may cause the Fund's cash position or cash requirements to exceed normal levels, and consequently, adversely affect the management of the Fund and thereby, its performance.

Country Risk. The value of the Fund's assets may be subject to uncertainties such as changes in a country's government policies, taxation, restrictions on foreign investment, currency decisions, applicable laws and regulations, or any natural disasters or political upheaval, which may weaken a country's securities markets.

Currency Risk. Where the Index constituents are denominated in currencies other than the Base Currency or the Share Class Currency, Investments of the Fund will be acquired in currencies which are not in the Fund's Base Currency or the Share Class Currency. The Fund will therefore be subject to exchange rate risk and the cost of acquiring Investments may be adversely or favourably affected by fluctuations in the exchange rate of the different currencies.

If an investor's currency of reference is different from the Fund's Base Currency or the Share Class Currency, adverse movements in exchange rates between those currencies can result in a decrease in return and a loss of capital for such investor.

Hedging techniques in the form of currency forwards or swaps will be used to mitigate the exposure of a Currency Hedged Class to the Portfolio Currencies.

Equity Risk. The market prices of equity securities owned by the Fund may go up or down, sometimes rapidly or unpredictably. The value of a security may decline for a number of reasons that may directly relate to the issuer (investors should also refer to "Issuer-Specific Risk"). The values of equity securities also may decline due to general market conditions that are not specifically related to a particular company, such as real or perceived adverse economic conditions, changes in the general outlook for corporate earnings, changes in interest or currency rates, or adverse investor sentiment generally. The Fund may continue to accept new subscriptions and to make additional investments in equity securities even under general market conditions that the Investment Manager views as unfavourable for equity securities. Equity securities generally fall into four broad categories – large-cap, mid-cap, small-cap and micro-cap. If the Fund invests primarily in one category, there is a risk that due to current market conditions, the Fund may perform less well than a fund that is invested in another category or across several categories.

Geographic Investment Risk. To the extent the Fund invests a significant portion of its assets in the securities of companies of a single country or region, it is more likely to be impacted by events or conditions affecting that country or region. For example, political and economic conditions and changes in regulatory, tax, or economic policy in a country could significantly affect the market in that country and in surrounding or related countries and have a negative impact on the Fund's performance. As per the Fund’s investment objective, the Fund may invest all of its assets in companies incorporated in the US

ESG Data Risk. ESG information received from third-party data providers may be incomplete, inaccurate, or unavailable. As a result, there is a risk that the Index Provider or other data providers (as applicable) may incorrectly assess the ESG rating of or the involvement of a company in certain activities, resulting in the incorrect inclusion or exclusion of a security in/from the Index and therefore the portfolio of the Fund.

ESG Screening Risk. The Fund seeks to track the performance of the Index which excludes securities based on ESG criteria. Investors should therefore make a personal ethical assessment of the extent of ESG exclusion undertaken by the Index prior to investing in the Fund.

Due to the ESG exclusion being applied to the investment universe to determine eligibility for inclusion in the Index, the Index will comprise a narrower universe of securities. This narrower universe of securities will not necessarily perform as well as those securities that do not meet the ESG criteria and this may adversely affect the performance of the Fund. Furthermore, investor sentiment towards companies which are perceived as being ESG conscious or attitudes towards ESG concepts generally may change over time which may affect the demand for ESG based investments such as the Fund and may also affect its performance.

Hedging Methodology Risk. While the hedging methodology used by the Hedged Share Classes is designed to minimise the impact of currency fluctuations on Hedged Share Class returns, it does not necessarily eliminate the Hedged Share Classes’ exposure to the Portfolio Currency. The return of the forward currency contracts may not perfectly offset the actual fluctuations between the Portfolio Currency and the Exposure Currency.

Investment Risk. There is no assurance that any appreciation in the value of Investments will occur, or that the investment objective of the Fund will be achieved.

Issuer-Specific Risk. Changes in the financial condition of an issuer or counterparty, changes in the specific economic or political conditions that affect a particular type of security or issuer, and changes in the general economic or political conditions can affect a security’s or instrument’s value. The value of securities of smaller, less well-known issuers can be more volatile than that of larger issuers. Issuer-specific events can have a negative impact on the value of the Fund.

Market Risk. The trading price of equity securities, fixed income securities, commodities and other instruments fluctuates in response to a variety of factors. These factors include events impacting the entire market or specific market segments, such as political, market and economic developments, as well as events that impact specific issuers. The Net Asset Value of the Fund, like security and commodity prices generally, will fluctuate within a wide range in response to these and other factors. Possible continuing market turbulence may have an adverse effect on the Fund's performance. As a result, an investor could lose the value of its investment over short or even long periods.

Mid and Large Capitalisation Investing Risk. The Fund may invest a relatively large percentage of its assets in the securities of mid and large capitalisation companies. The securities of mid-capitalisation companies may be subject to more unpredictable price changes than securities of larger companies or the market as a whole. The securities of large-capitalisation companies may be relatively mature compared to smaller companies and therefore subject to slower growth during times of economic expansion.

SFDR Classification Risk. As at the date of this Supplement, investors should note that classification of the Fund as an Article 9 SFDR product refers solely to the fact that the Index has sustainable investment as its objective The Article 9 SFDR classification of the Fund has been made in good faith based on information currently available. Neither the ICAV, nor any of its service providers, makes any representation or otherwise as to the suitability of the Index and the Fund in meeting an investor's criteria on minimum ESG standards or otherwise. Investors are advised to carry out their own review as to whether the Index and the Fund accords with their own ESG criteria. Information on the objective of the Index is contained under "Index Description" above.

The SFDR has phased implementation from 10 March 2021 and imposes disclosure obligations on financial market participants. As at the date of this Supplement, the implementing Regulatory Technical Standards (Level 2) for SFDR have been released but not adopted by the European Commission and certain concepts newly introduced by SFDR are not currently the subject of centralised implementing standards, local guidance or established market practice. The Fund has been assessed and classified in good faith based on the relevant information currently available. As these standards and guidance develop, the SFDR-related disclosures and the Article 9 classification indicated in this Supplement and on the website are subject to change and will be updated accordingly.

Sustainability Risk. Sustainability risks are relevant as both standalone risks as well as crosscutting risks, which manifest through many other risk types, which are relevant to the assets of the Fund. For example, the occurrence of a sustainability risk can give rise to financial and business risk causing a negative impact on the share price of a company. The increasing importance given to sustainability considerations by both companies and consumers means that the occurrence of a sustainability risk may result in significant reputational damage to affected companies. These events might cause a material negative impact on the value of a Fund's investments. Whilst the Index applies ESG exclusion criteria, as set out above, with the aim of mitigating the impact of sustainability risks, there can be no assurance that all sustainability risks can be mitigated in the Fund.

Shares of the Fund May Trade at Prices Other Than NAV. As with all exchange traded funds, Shares may be bought and sold in the secondary market at market prices. Although it is expected that the market price of the Shares of the Fund will approximate the Fund's Net Asset Value, there may be times when the market price and the Net Asset Value vary significantly, including due to supply and demand of the Fund's Shares and/or during periods of market volatility. Thus, you may pay more (or less) than Net Asset Value intra-day when you buy Shares of the Fund in the secondary market, and you may receive more (or less) than Net Asset Value when you sell those Shares in the secondary market. If an investor purchases Shares at a time when the market price is at a premium to the Net Asset Value of the Shares or sells at a time when the market price is at a discount to the Net Asset Value of the Shares, an investor may sustain losses.

3. SHARE DEALING

Orders for Creation Units may be settled in cash, in-kind or in a combination of both, at the Manager's discretion. Investors are referred to the procedures for subscribing and redeeming Creation Units in the section entitled "Share Dealing" of the Prospectus.

Initial Offer Price	During the Initial Offer Period, the Shares Classes will be issued at the Initial Offer Price described in the table in section 5 "Available Share Classes" below.
Initial Offer Period	The Initial Offer Period for the Shares Classes will commence at 9.00am (Irish time) on 29 May 2026 and conclude upon the earlier of: 5.00pm (Irish time) on 25 November 2026 or such

	earlier or later time as the Directors may decide and notify the Central Bank.
Base Currency	US Dollars
Business Day	A day on which commercial banks are generally open for business in London.
Creation Unit	40,000 Shares, unless determined otherwise by the Manager.
Dealing Day	Each Business Day (provided that any day on which 30% or more of the markets on which constituents in the Index are listed or traded are closed, such Business Day shall not be a Dealing Day). A list of the Fund's Dealing Days is available from the Administrator.
Dealing Deadline	On each Business Day prior to the relevant Dealing Day, the time as set out in the table below.
Publication Time	8.00 a.m. (Irish time) on each Dealing Day.
Valuation Point	10:15 p.m. (Irish time) on each Dealing Day.
Dividend Policy	Dividends will normally be declared in March, June, September, and December of each year. Share classes with an accumulating policy shall not distribute dividends to Shareholders. Income and other profits will be accumulated and reinvested on behalf of Shareholders.
Subscriptions following the Initial Offer Period	Creation Units may be subscribed for on a Dealing Day at a price based on the Net Asset Value per Share multiplied by the number of Shares in a Creation Unit. Applicants for Shares must also remit the amount of cash and charges as set out in the Portfolio Composition File and pay Duties and Charges, if applicable. The Manager, at its discretion, may charge a Subscription Fee of up to 3% of the aggregate Net Asset Value per Share in the Creation Unit subscribed for.
Settlement of subscriptions	Settlement of subscriptions must be received by the Administrator: (a) in respect of cash subscriptions, by 2 p.m. (Irish time) on the first Business Day after the relevant Dealing Day; provided that if such day is not a day on which foreign exchange markets are open for settlement of payments in the Base Currency (a "**Currency Day**"), settlement will be postponed to the immediately following Currency Day; (b) in respect of in-kind subscriptions, by 3 p.m. (Irish time) on the first Business Day after the relevant Dealing Day or within such other period as the Directors may determine (not exceeding 10 Business Days following the relevant Dealing Deadline).
Redemptions	Creation Units may be redeemed on a Dealing Day at a price based on the Net Asset Value per Share multiplied by the number of Shares in a Creation Unit. A redeeming Shareholder

	will have deducted from redemption proceeds an appropriate amount of Duties and Charges, if applicable. Shares which are the subject of the redemption must be received by the Fund by 2 p.m. (Irish time) on the third Business Day after the relevant Dealing Day. The Manager, at its discretion, may charge a Redemption Fee of up to 3% of the aggregate Net Asset Value per Share in the Creation Unit redeemed.
Settlement of redemptions	Redemption proceeds will be typically transferred within two Business Days of the relevant Dealing Day and, in any event, within such other period as the Directors may determine (not exceeding 10 Business Days following the relevant Dealing Deadline), provided that all required documentation has been furnished to the Administrator and the relevant Shareholder has delivered, in the relevant Securities Settlement System, the Shares to be redeemed.
Valuation methodology	Investments of the Fund which are listed or traded on one Regulated Market for which quotations are readily available shall be valued at the last traded price on such Regulated Market for such Investment. Where Investments are quoted, listed or normally dealt in on more than one Regulated Market, the market which in the opinion of the Administrator, constitutes the main market for the relevant Investment or which provides the fairest criteria for valuing the relevant Investment shall be used. A particular or specific asset may be valued using an alternative method of valuation if the Directors deem it necessary and the alternative method has been approved by the Depositary.
Compulsory redemption threshold	US$ 15 million.

4. AVAILABLE SHARE CLASSES

Share Class Name	Index	ISIN	Share Class Currency	Exposure Currency	TER	Dividend Policy	Dealing Deadline for Cash (in Kind) Subscriptions /Redemptions, Irish time	Initial Offer Price (in Share Class Currency)
WisdomTree Global Sustainable Equity UCITS ETF – USD	Solactive WisdomTree Global Sustainable Equity UCITS Index	IE000V5PRKX4	US Dollar	n/a	up to 0.75%	Distributing	4.30p.m.	25
WisdomTree Global Sustainable Equity UCITS ETF – USD Acc	Solactive WisdomTree Global Sustainable Equity UCITS Index	IE000XNILW20	US Dollar	n/a	up to 0.75%	Accumulating	4.30p.m.	25
WisdomTree Global Sustainable Equity UCITS ETF – USD Inst	Solactive WisdomTree Global Sustainable Equity UCITS Index	IE000564G6D4	US Dollar	n/a	up to 0.75%	Distributing	4.30p.m.	10,000
WisdomTree Global Sustainable Equity UCITS ETF – EUR Hedged	Solactive WisdomTree Global Sustainable Equity UCITS Index	IE0002AO96V1	Euro	Euro	up to 0.75%	Distributing	4.30p.m.	25

WisdomTree Global Sustainable Equity UCITS ETF– EUR Hedged Acc	Solactive WisdomTree Global Sustainable Equity UCITS Index	IE000QVHBUK0	Euro	Euro	up to 0.75%	Accumulating	4.30p.m.	25
WisdomTree Global Sustainable Equity UCITS ETF – GBP Hedged	Solactive WisdomTree Global Sustainable Equity UCITS Index	IE000XWZ9FG0	Sterling	US Dollar	up to 0.75%	Distributing	4.30p.m.	25
WisdomTree Global Sustainable Equity UCITS ETF – GBP Hedged Acc	Solactive WisdomTree Global Sustainable Equity UCITS Index	IE000TZDZYL3	Sterling	US Dollar	up to 0.75%	Accumulating	4.30p.m.	25
WisdomTree Global Sustainable Equity UCITS ETF – CHF Hedged	Solactive WisdomTree Global Sustainable Equity UCITS Index	IE000D56L1I6	Swiss Franc	Swiss Franc	up to 0.75%	Distributing	4.30p.m.	25
WisdomTree Global Sustainable Equity UCITS ETF – CHF Hedged Acc	Solactive WisdomTree Global Sustainable Equity UCITS Index	IE000I32F2T3	Swiss Franc	Swiss Franc	up to 0.75%	Accumulating	4.30p.m.	25

5. FEES

The Fund shall pay the following fees and expenses out of its assets:

A. a TER (as set out in the table above);

B. brokerage or other expenses of acquiring and disposing of Investments, as set out in further detail in the Prospectus; and

C. extraordinary expenses (i.e., those unforeseen expenses falling outside of the general expenses payable by the Manager out of its fees, such as expenses related to any litigation, exercise of voting rights and corporate actions).

Investors are referred to the section of the Prospectus entitled “Operational costs and expenses”.

Fees and expenses relating to establishment of the Fund will be borne by the Manager.

6. MISCELLANEOUS

Classification as an Equity Fund for German tax purposes

The Fund will be managed in such a way to ensure that it qualifies as an "Equity Fund", as such term is defined in the German Investment Tax Act 2018 (as amended), please see section headed "German Taxation" within the Prospectus.

7. DISCLAIMERS

Index

Solactive AG (“Solactive) is the licensor of the Solactive WisdomTree Global Sustainable Equity UCITS Index (the “Index”). The financial instruments that are based on the Index are not sponsored, endorsed, promoted or sold by Solactive in any way and Solactive makes no express or implied representation, guarantee or assurance with regard to: (a) the advisability in investing in the financial instruments; (b) the quality, accuracy and/or completeness of the Index; and/or (c) the results obtained or to be obtained by any person or entity from the use of the Index. Solactive does not guarantee the accuracy and/or the completeness of the Index and shall not have any liability for any errors or omissions with respect thereto. Notwithstanding Solactive’s obligations to its licensees, Solactive reserves the right to change the methods of calculation or publication with respect to the Index and Solactive shall not be liable for any miscalculation of or any incorrect, delayed or interrupted publication with respect to the Index. Solactive shall not be liable for any damages, including, without limitation, any loss of profits or business, or any special, incidental, punitive, indirect or consequential damages suffered or incurred as a result of the use (or inability to use) of the Index..

Index Provider website

The ICAV is required to provide details of the Index Provider's website to enable Shareholders to obtain further details of the Index (including its constituents). Neither the ICAV, the Manager nor the Investment Manager has any responsibility for the contents of such website and are not involved in any way in sponsoring, endorsing or otherwise involved in the establishment, maintenance or contents of the website.

ANNEX

Product name: WisdomTree Global Sustainable Equity UCITS ETF
Legal entity identifier: 213800W6HY6H6WT7KP47

Sustainable investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices.

The **EU Taxonomy** is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of **environmentally sustainable economic activities**. That Regulation does not include a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.

Sustainable investment objective

Does this financial product have a sustainable investment objective?

☒ **Yes**	☐ **No**
☒ It will make a minimum of **sustainable investments with an environmental objective:** 40%	☐ It **promotes Environmental/Social (E/S) characteristics** and while it does not have as its objective a sustainable investment, it will have a minimum proportion of ___% of sustainable investments
☐ in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy	☐ with an environmental objective in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy
☒ in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy	☐ with an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy
	☐ with a social objective
☒ It will make a minimum of **sustainable investments with a social objective:** 10 %	☐ It promotes E/S characteristics, but **will not make any sustainable investments**

What is the sustainable investment objective of this financial product?

The WisdomTree Global Sustainable Equity UCITS ETF (the **Fund**) has a sustainable investment objective of investing in businesses from developed markets that positively contribute to social and/or environmental objectives. Companies are considered to positively contribute to social and/or environmental objectives where they derive a high proportion of revenues, as detailed in the Index methodology, from business activities that are aligned with the EU Taxonomy or are aimed at contributing towards one of the Sustainable Development Goals of the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development (**SDGs**) or have carbon emissions reduction target(s) approved by the Science Based Targets initiative (**SBTi**) or best-in-class gender or environmental and social risk management metrics.The Solactive WisdomTree Global Sustainable Equity UCITS Index (the **Index**) has been designated as a reference benchmark for the purpose of attaining the sustainable investment objective of the Fund.

Sustainability indicators measure how the sustainable objectives of this financial product are attained.

What sustainability indicators are used to measure the attainment of the sustainable investment objective of this financial product?

The Fund uses a variety of indicators to measure the sustainable investment objective. The indicators and corresponding metrics are set out in detail below:

Indicators	**Metric**

Exposure to business activities that aim to positively contribute to achieving the SDGs.	Percentage of a company's revenues associated with a positive contribution to the SDGs.
Exposure to business activities aligned with the EU Taxonomy	Percentage of a company's revenues and/or capital expenditures aligned with the EU Taxonomy.
Exposure to companies having SBTi-approved carbon reduction targets	Percentage of companies that have SBTi-approved carbon reduction targets.
Carbon Emission Trend Score	Percentage change in a company's operational emissions measured over a 3 year cycle.
Exposure to companies having positive gender equality practices	Average ratio of female to male board members, expressed as a percentage of all board members. Average ratio of female to male workforce members, expressed as a percentage of all workforce members. Average ratio of female to male senior management members, expressed as a percentage of all senior management members.
Exposure to companies having best-in-class Environmental and Social Risk Profiles	Environmental and Social Risk Score

Principal adverse impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anti-corruption and anti-bribery matters.

How do sustainable investments not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

The Fund has assessed the economic activity carried out by the investee companies regarded as sustainable investments for the do no significant harm (**DNSH**) criteria as part of the selection and screening criteria implemented by the Index methodology. The Index methodology determines eligibility for inclusion in the Index based on defined sustainability criteria outlined and is designed to have the outcome of ensuring that no significant harm is caused by the sustainable investment objective of the Fund by excluding companies with activities that would significantly harm other environmental or social objectives. This approach takes into account principal adverse impact (**PAI**) indicators defined in Table 1 of Annex I of the regulatory technical standards for Regulation 2019/2088 (**RTS**). Securities that do not meet certain PAI thresholds or have a severe or high controversy rating with a negative outlook as detailed in the Index methodology are excluded from the eligible investment universe.

How have the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors been taken into account?

Please see above on how the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors have been taken into account.

The Index methodology determines eligibility for inclusion in the Index and is designed to have the outcome of excluding companies with certain business activities that would significantly harm other environmental or social objectives. The Index reduces its exposure to greenhouse gas emissions through limiting exposure to business activities involved in fossil fuel, thermal coal, hazardous waste and non-renewable energy production as detailed in the Index methodology.

How are the sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights?

The Index excludes companies that violate or are at risk of violating commonly accepted international norms and standards based on the Fund's ESG Data Provider's Global Standards Screening (**GSS**) assessment. The UN Global Compact Principles (**UNGCPs**) form part of the GSS assessment, which includes UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights (**UNGPs**) and Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (**OECD**) Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and their underlying conventions. Companies on the UN, US, and EU sanctions lists are excluded. Companies designated under the US Executive Order 13959: which goal is 'Addressing the Threat from Securities Investments That Finance Communist Chinese Military Companies are also excluded from the Index.

Does this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

X Yes

Yes. PAIs of investee companies based on Table 1 of Annex I of the RTS and any relevant indicators in Tables 2 and 3 of Annex I of the RTS are produced at Fund level. The Manager conducts controls on PAI indicators and monitors them. Threshold events are set for individual PAIs. If these thresholds are reached, the Manager may take action such as engagement and proxy voting to effect change or propose to exclude such security or securities from the eligible investable universe. Further information relating to PAIs will be made available in the annual report and audited financial statements of the ICAV.

No

What investment strategy does this financial product follow?

The investment strategy guides investment decisions based on factors such as investment objectives and risk tolerance.

The Fund follows a passive (or indexing) investment strategy and will invest in a portfolio of equity securities that as far as possible and practicable consists of a representative sample of the component securities of the Index.

The index is designed to measure the performance of companies from developed markets that positively contribute to social and/or environmental objectives according to defined sustainability criteria described above and further set out in the Index methodology.

- ***What are the binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain the sustainable investment objective?***

The Fund will seek to invest all, or substantially all, of its assets in the constituents of the Index. The Index has sustainable investment as its objective, seeking to provide exposure to companies that derive a high proportion of revenue, as detailed in the Index methodology, contributing towards the SDGs or EU Taxonomy objectives or SBTi-approved carbon reduction targets or best-in-class gender equality metrics or best-in-class environmental and social risk metrics.

The Index methodology also excludes investee companies that do not satisfy specific criteria, including environmental, social and governance (**ESG**) criteria. The ESG criteria seeks to exclude from the eligible investment universe companies that (i) violate certain commonly accepted international norms and standards, such as UNGCPs and OECD guidelines for Multinational Enterprises, (ii) are involved in controversial weapons such as anti-personnel mines, cluster munitions, chemical weapons and biological weapons (iii) are significantly involved in the tobacco industry, (iv) are significantly involved in thermal coal (which includes hard coal and lignite), activity such as extraction (which includes coal mining and exploration), products and services supporting thermal coal extraction and coal-based power generation, (v) are significantly involved in oil and gas extraction, exploration and production, (vi) are significantly involved in power generation from thermal coal, oil, or natural gas and (vii) do not meet such other ESG criteria such as significant involvement in small arms or a severe or high controversy rating with a negative outlook or a low corporate governance score as detailed in the Index methodology. The exclusionary screen verifies companies' eligibility for inclusion in the Index based on ESG criteria as detailed in the Index methodology. The eligible investment universe is determined through the Index methodology and the proportion of investments in securities that are excluded by the Index as a result of the exclusionary screen supports the sustainable investment objective of the Fund.

Good governance practices include sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff and tax compliance.

The exclusions described at (i)-(vi) above comprise the requirements as set out in 12(1)(a)-(g) of the Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/1818.

What is the policy to assess good governance practices of the investee companies?

To be eligible for inclusion in the Index, a company must be listed on an eligible stock exchange and therefore has to comply with securities listing rules including relevant corporate governance codes. Companies will be excluded if they do not meet the GSS assessment which includes an assessment for satisfying governance issues or have a low corporate governance score based on the Fund's ESG Data Provider's Corporate Governance Research (**CGR**). CGR evaluates the governance structures, practices and behaviour of companies. In addition, companies from developed markets having no female representation on the corporate board and companies having severe or high controversy ratings with a negative outlook are excluded from the investment universe.

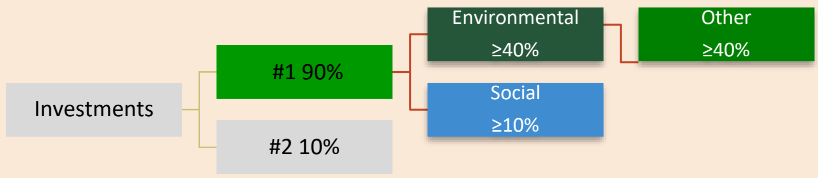
Asset allocation describes the share of investments in specific assets.

In addition, companies that violate certain commonly accepted international norms and standards, such as UNGCP, UNGPs and OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and their underlying conventions are excluded. Companies on the UN, US and EU sanctions list are also excluded. Companies identified as having a high controversy rating with controversy defined as an event or events with negative environmental, social and/or governance implications are excluded from the eligible investment universe as detailed in the Index methodology. addition to the governance screening, the Fund, through its Investment Manager, adopts an active ownership policy to develop good governance practices in investee companies.

Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:
- **turnover** reflecting the share of revenue from green activities of investee companies
- **capital expenditure** (CapEx) showing the green investments made by investee companies, e.g. for a transition to a green economy.
- **operational expenditure** (OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of investee companies.

What is the asset allocation and the minimum share of sustainable investments?

The Fund will invest all, or substantially all, of its assets in the constituents of the Index. The Fund may hold ancillary liquid assets from time to time, for example, as dividends are collected. Where the Fund uses instruments which are not constituents of the Index, it will do so where it is consistent with its investment objective and policy, where the risk, return and other characteristics of these instruments resemble the risk, return and other characteristics of the Index as a whole. As a result, at least 90% of the Fund's assets are sustainable investments (#1 Sustainable with a minimum portion of 40% sustainable investments with an environmental objective and a minimum portion of 10% with a social objective. This designation is a result of the minimum elibility criteria for securities which considers both environmental and social objectives. At each Index rebalance, the Fund may hold more constituents with an environmental or social objective. The specific allocation of at least 40% to environmental objectives and at least 10% to social objectives is designed to safeguard against any breach of this minimum commitment. The sum of the Fund's investments having an environmental objective and the investments having a social objective will at all times be at least 90% of the Fund's total assets. Up to 10% of the investments of the Fund do not qualify as sustainable investments (#2 Not sustainable).



#1 Sustainable covers sustainable investments with environmental or social objectives.

#2 Not sustainable includes investments which do not qualify as sustainable investments.

To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for **fossil gas** include limitations on emissions and switching to fully renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For **nuclear energy**, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules.

Enabling activities directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective.

Transitional activities are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission leels corresponding to the best performance.

How does the use of derivatives attain the sustainable investment objective?

The Fund does not use derivatives to attain the sustainable investment objective.

To what minimum extent are sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

0%. The Fund does not commit to a minimum extent of EU Taxonomy alignment for its investments as although some investments may be aligned with the EU Taxonomy, eligibility criteria for the Index also includes high proportions of revenues contributing towards the SDGs, SBTi approved carbon reduction targets or best-in-class environmental and social risk metrics.

Does the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy[1]?

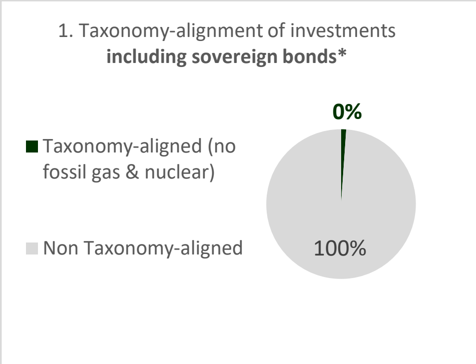
☐ Yes:

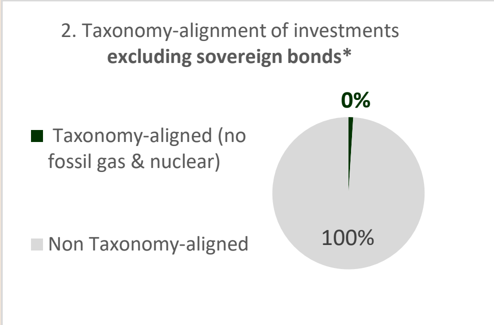
☐ In fossil gas ☐ In nuclear energy

X No

[1] Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objectives - see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.

The two graphs below show in green the minimum percentage of investments that are aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the Taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds*, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds.





This graph represents 100% of the total investments.

* *For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures.*

- ***What is the minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities?*** 0%.

are sustainable investments with an environmental objective that **do not take into account the criteria** for environmentaly sustainable economic activities under the EU Taxonomy.

What is the minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The Fund commits to make a minimum share of sustainable investments of 40% with environmental objectives based on the minimum eligibility criteria described above and outlined in the Index methodology which includes contribution towards the SDGs or having a high proportion of revenues aligned with the EU Taxonomy or adhering to SBTi-approved carbon reduction targets or best-in-class environmental risk metrics. The Fund does not have a minimum commitment of sustainable investments aligned with EU Taxonomy as not all eligibility requirements include alignment to the EU Taxonomy. Eligible companies may derive revenues from activities having environmental objectives, but these objectives may not be aligned with the objectives of the EU Taxonomy. As such, it is not possible to quantify a minimum sustainable investment commitment for the Fund with an environmental objective that is aligned with the EU Taxonomy.

What is the minimum share of sustainable investments with a social objective?

The Fund commits to make a minimum share of sustainable investments of 10% with social objectives based on the minimum eligibility criteria described above and outlined in the Index methodology which includes contributing towards the SDGs or having best-in-class gender equality metrics and best-in-class social risk metrics.

What investments are included under "#2 Not sustainable", what is their purpose and are there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

In accordance with the UCITS Regulations the Fund may invest up to 10% in ancillary liquid assets. If the Fund from time to time holds ancillary liquid assets, e.g. cash from dividends received, those ancillary liquid assets do not affect the delivery of the sustainable investment objective on a continuous basis. There may be no minimum environmental or social safeguards in relation to any ancillary liquid assets. The Fund may also hold securities which no longer meet the environmental and/or social criteria described above but will not be removed from the Index until the next Index rebalance. Investments may fall under #2 other if insufficient ESG-related data is available to the Fund. This applies in particular to assets for which ESG factors are insufficiently defined at present or are not yet covered by the Fund's ESG data provider.

Is a specific index designated as a reference benchmark to meet the sustainable investment objective?

Yes.

Reference benchmarks are indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the sustainable investment objective.

- ***How does the reference benchmark take into account sustainability factors in a way that is continuously aligned with the sustainable investment objective?***

The Index is constructed from the Solactive GBS Developed Markets Large & Mid Cap USD Index (the "**Parent Index"**) and is designed to track the performance of global companies from developed markets that showcase a high proportion of revenues aligned with contributing towards the SDGs, a high proportion of revenues aligned with the EU Taxonomy, SBTi-approved carbon reduction targets, best-in-class gender equality metrics, and best-in-class environmental and social risk metrics.

- ***How is the alignment of the investment strategy with the methodology of the index ensured on a continuous basis?***

The investment strategy is to passively track the Index.

- ***How does the designated index differ from a relevant broad market index*?**

The Index is maintained and published by international index supplier Solactive AG and was developed to track the performance of companies from developed markets that derive a high proportion of revenues that contribute towards the SDGs or a high proportion of revenues aligned with the EU Taxonomy or have SBTi-approved carbon reduction targets or best-in-class gender equality metrics, environmental and/or social risk metrics.

The Index is constructed from the broad-based market cap-weighted Parent Index and has a methodology that includes the selection and screening process described above which takes ESG considerations into account. Companies that are non-compliant with commonly accepted international norms and standards, such as UNGCP, UNGPs, and OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises, and their underlying conventions are excluded based on the GSS assessment. The Index methodology also excludes companies significantly engaged in specific activities, such as controversial weapons, tobacco, thermal coal activities, oil and gas exploration, extraction and production, power generation from thermal coal, oil, or natural gas and small arms as well as companies having severe or high controversy ratings with a negative outlook or poor corporate governance scores as described in more detail in the Index methodology.

- ***Where can the methodology used for the calculation of the designated index be found?***

https://solactive.com/downloads/Guideline_Solactive_WisdomTree_Sustainable_Equity_Index.pdf

Where can I find more product specific information online?

More product-specific information can be found on the website:

https://www.wisdomtree.eu/en-ie/products?esg=SFDR%20Article%209